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FORM P	TO-1390	(Modified) U.S. DEPARTME	YT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFI	
KDV II	TR	ANSMITTAL LETTE	R TO THE UNITED STATES	DEX-0146
		DESIGNATED/ELECT	TED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)	U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR
			NG UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371	09/762028
NTER	RNATI	ONAL APPLICATION NO.	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 4 August 1998
		CT/US99/16247	19 July 1999	4 August 1990
TITLE A No	ovel M	IVENTION Iethod of Diagnosing, Mo n	itoring, Staging, Imaging and Trea	ting Lung Cancer
		(S) FOR DO/EO/US ei et al.		
A 1:	1.	ith submits to the United S	Protes Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/	US) the following items and other information:
Appıı				
1.	×		f items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C	
2.			EQUENT submission of items concerning	ILC C 271(f)) at any time rather than delay
3.		examination until the expirate	on of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.	S.C. 3/1(b) and PC1 Articles 22 and 59(1).
4.	\bowtie	A proper Demand for Internat	ional Preliminary Examination was made	by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5.	\boxtimes		oplication as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))	
			ith (required only if not transmitted by the	International Bureau).
1			by the International Bureau.	
ē E			e application was filed in the United State	
6.			nal Application into English (35 U.S.C. 37	71(c)(2)).
7.	\boxtimes	A copy of the International So	earch Report (PCT/ISA/210).	
3 8.	\boxtimes		the International Application under PCT	
Į.			with (required only if not transmitted by the	ne International Bureau).
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ñ			however, the time limit for making such	amendments has NOT expired.
e H			and will not be made.	
9.		A translation of the amendme	nts to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35	0.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
10.	\boxtimes		inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4))Une	
11.	⊠	A copy of the International P	reliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPE	A/409).
<u>.</u> 12.		A translation of the annexes t (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).	o the International Preliminary Examination	on Report under PC1 Article 30
I	tems :		nent(s) or information included:	
13.	\boxtimes	An Information Disclosure S	tatement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.	
14.		An assignment document for	recording. A separate cover sheet in comp	pliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
15.		A FIRST preliminary amend		
16.		A SECOND or SUBSEQUE	NT preliminary amendment.	
17.		A substitute specification.		
18.		A change of power of attorne		
19.		Certificate of Mailing by Exp	oress Mail	"Express Mail" Label No. EL722986071US
20.	\boxtimes	Other items or information:		Date of Deposit February 1, 2001
1		1) Courtesy copy of Intern	ational Application ement Claiming Small Entity Status	the sent for that this paper is being deposited
		3) Written Opinion	anear Carining Sman Energ Status	
		4) Return Post Card		Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the
l				Assistant Commissioner for Paterns, Box 1 01;
ı				Washington, D.C. 20231.
				By <u>ACCOACH</u> EMES Typed Name: Deborah Ehret

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U.S. APPLICATION	APPLICATION A TIME OR INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/US99/16247						DOCKET NUMBER X-0146
21. The follo	owing fees are submitted:					CALCULATION	S PTO USE ONLY
☐ Neither interrinterrinternational	FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - national preliminary examination search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2) onal Search Report not prepared	n fce (37 CFR 1.482) r paid to USPTO		\$1,00	00.00		
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☐ International but all claims	preliminary examination fee pai did not satisfy provisions of PC	id to USPTO (37 CFR CT Article 33(1)-(4)	1.482)		90.00		
☐ International and all claims	preliminary examination fee pai satisfied provisions of PCT Ar ENTER APPROPRI				00.00		
Surcharge of \$130 00	for furnishing the oath or decl		□ 20			\$860.00	
months from the earl	iest claimed priority date (37 C	FR 1.492 (e)).				\$0.00	L
CLAIMS Total claims	11 - 20 =	NUMBER EXT	KA	x \$18.0		\$0.00	l
Independent claims	6 - 3=	3		x \$80.0		\$240.00	
	Claims (check if applicable).	'				\$0.00	
		ABOVE CALO			=	\$1,100.00	
Reduction of 1/2 for must also be filed (N	filing by small entity, if applications 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28) (ch	able. Verified Small E teck if applicable).	ntity Stat	ement	×	\$550.00	
1			SUB	TOTAL	=	\$550.00	
Processing fee of \$13 months from the earl	50.00 for furnishing the English iest claimed priority date (37 C	translation later than FR 1.492 (f)).	□ 20	0 🗆 3	0 +	\$0.00	
		TOTAL NAT	IONAL	L FEE	=	\$550.00	L
Fee for recording the accompanied by an a	enclosed assignment (37 CFR ppropriate cover sheet (37 CFR	1.21(h)). The assignm 3.28, 3.31) (check if	ent must b applicabl	oe le).		\$0.00	
		TOTAL FEES	ENCL	OSED	=	\$550.00	
						Amount to be: refunded	\$
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X Credit (Please charge A duplicate The Commisto Deposit A	ne amount of Card Payment Forn c my Deposit Account No. copy of this sheet is enclosed. ssioner is hereby authorized to a ccount No. 50-1619 ppropriate time limit under 3 to effeld and granted to resto	in the sharge any fees which: A duplicate copy of the street of the stre	nay be read is sheet is	r fili	redit a:	to cover the abo	
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Jane Massey Licat Kathleen A. Tyrrel				SIGNAT	<i>hlle</i> URE	r A. Tyncl	<u> </u>
Licata & Tyrrell P. 66 E. Main Street Marlton, New Jers				NAME 38,350	LL, I	Cathleen A.	
Telephone: (856) 8 Facsimile: (856) 8				Februar DATE		ON NUMBER	
			1	DATE			

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not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employs average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are af directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, of has the power to control both. I hereby dectare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remaindentified above with regard to the above identified invention described in: the specification filed herewith with title as listed above. the application identified above.									
Patentee: Invention: A Nevel Method of Diagnosting, Monitering, Staging, Livraging and Treatin Lung Cancer I hereby declere that I am: the owner of the small business concern identified below; an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the NAME OF CONCERN: diaDexus, Tinc. ADDRESS OF CONCERN: diaDexus, Tinc. ADDRESS OF CONCERN: 3339 Octavinus Drive, Santa Clara, Catifornia 95054 I hereby declare that the above-identified small business concern qualifies as a sm 13 CFR 121,3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduce of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, in a leviced 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employ average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are afferedly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control both. I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remaindentified above with regard to the above identified invention described in: the specification filed herewith with title as listed above. the application identified above.									
Living Cancer Thereby deciare that I am: the owner of the small business concern identified below: an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the NAME OF CONCERN: diaDexus, Inc. ADDRESS OF CONCERN: 3303 Octavius Drive, Santa Clara, Catifornia 95054 Thereby declare that the above-identified small business concern qualifies as a sm 13 CPR 121,3-18, and reproduced in 37 CPR 1.3(0), for purposes of paying reduced of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, in not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employed on basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are af directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, of has the power to control both. Thereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remaindentified above with regard to the above identified invention described in: the specification filed herewith with title as listed above. the application identified above.									
the owner of the small business concern identified below: an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the NAME OF CONCERN: diaDexus, Tire. ADDRESS OF CONCERN: 3383 Octavitie Drive, Santa Clara, California 75054 I hereby declare that the above-identified small business concern qualifies as a sm 3 CFR 121,3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduce of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, in clavaced 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employ avarage over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and 20 concerns are afferedly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control both. I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remaindentified above with regard to the above identified invention described in: the specification filled herewith with little as listed above. the application identified above.									
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the patent identified above.									
*									
If the rights held by the above-identified small business concern are not exclorganization having rights to the invention is listed on the next page and no right person, other than the inventor, who could not qualify as an independent invention which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(c). 37 CFR 1.9(e).									

Page 2 of 2

obligation under	contract c	or law to assig	n, grant, con	ave assigned, granted, conv vey, or icense any rights in th	e invention	is listed below:
⊠ nosuo ⊡ eachs	ch person, such perso	concern or or on, concern or	ganization ex organization	ists. is listed below.		
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		Individual		Small Business Concern		Nonprotet Organization
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PCT/US99/16247

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A NOVEL METHOD OF DIAGNOSING, MONITORING, STAGING, IMAGING AND TREATING LUNG CANCER

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates, in part, to newly developed 5 assays for detecting, diagnosing, monitoring, staqing, prognosticating, imaging and treating cancers, particularly lung cancer.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Lung cancer is the second most prevalent type of cancer for both men and women in the United States and is the most common cause of cancer death in both sexes. Lung cancer can result from a primary tumor originating in the lung or a secondary tumor which has spread from another organ such as 15 the bowel or breast. Primary lung cancer is divided into three main types; small cell lung cancer; non-small cell lung cancer; and mesothelioma. Small cell lung cancer is also called "Oat Cell" lung cancer because the cancer cells are a distinctive oat shape. There are three types of non-small cell 20 lung cancer. These are grouped together because they behave in a similar way and respond to treatment differently to small cell lung cancer. The three types are squamous cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, and large cell carcinoma. Squamous cell cancer is the most common type of lung cancer. 25 develops from the cells that line the airways. Adenocarcinoma also develops from the cells that line the airways. However, adenocarcinoma develops from a particular type of cell that produces mucus (phlegm). Large cell lung cancer has been thus named because the cells look large and rounded when they are 30 viewed under a microscope. Mesothelioma is a rare type of cancer which affects the covering of the lung called the pleura. Mesothelioma is often caused by exposure to asbestos.

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Secondary lung cancer is cancer that has started somewhere else in the body (for example, the breast or bowel) and spread to the lungs. Choice of treatment for secondary lung cancer depends on where the cancer started. In other 5 words, cancer that has spread from the breast should respond to breast cancer treatments and cancer that has spread from the bowel should respond to bowel cancer treatments.

The stage of a cancer indicates how far a cancer has spread. Staging is important because treatment is often decided according to the stage of a cancer. The staging is different for non-small cell and for small cell cancers of the lung.

Non-small cell cancer can be divided into four stages.

Stage I is very localized cancer with no cancer in the lymph
15 nodes. Stage II cancer has spread to the lymph nodes at the
top of the affected lung. Stage III cancer has spread near
to where the cancer started. This can be to the chest wall,
the covering of the lung (pleura), the middle of the chest
(mediastinum) or other lymph nodes. Stage IV cancer has
20 spread to another part of the body.

Since small cell lung cancer can spreads quite early in development of the disease, small cell lung cancers are divided into only two groups. These are: limited disease, that is cancer that can only be seen in one lung and in nearby lymph nodes; and extensive disease, that is cancer that has spread outside the lung to the chest or to other parts of the body. Further, even if spreading is not apparent on the scans, it is likely that some cancer cells will have broken away and traveled through the bloodstream or lymph system.

To be safe, it is therefore preferred to treat small cell lung cancers as if they have spread, whether or not secondary cancer is visible. Because surgery is not typically used to treat small cell cancer, except in very early cases, the staging is not as critical as it is with some other types of cancer. Chemotherapy with or without radiotherapy is often

employed. The scans and tests done at first will be used later to see how well a patient is responding to treatment.

WO 98/56951 (published December 17, 1998) discloses a set of contiguous and partially overlapping cDNA sequences and 5 polypeptides encoded thereby, designated as LS170. These sequences are suggested to be useful in detecting, diagnosing, staging, monitoring, prognosticating, in vivo imaging, preventing or treating, and determining the predisposition of an individual to disease and conditions of the lung, such as 10 lung cancer. The LS170-specific polynucleotide is taught to have at least 50% identity with a polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1-9 as disclosed in WO 98/56951. SEQ ID NO:1 taught in WO 98/56951 overlaps with an LSG, SEQ ID NO: 4, used in the instant invention.

In the present invention methods are provided for detecting, diagnosing, monitoring, staging, prognosticating, in vivo imaging and treating lung cancer via five (5) Lung Specific Genes (LSG). The five LSGs refer, among other things, to native proteins expressed by the genes comprising 20 the polynucleotide sequences of any of SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5. In the alternative, what is meant by the five LSGs as used herein, means the native mRNAs encoded by the genes comprising any of the polynucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 or it can refer to the actual genes comprising any of the polynucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.

Procedures used for detecting, diagnosing, monitoring, staging, and prognosticating lung cancer are of critical importance to the outcome of the patient. For example, patients diagnosed with early lung cancer generally have a much greater five-year survival rate as compared to the survival rate for patients diagnosed with distant metastasized lung cancer. New diagnostic methods which are more sensitive and specific for detecting early lung cancer are clearly needed.

Lung cancer patients are closely monitored following initial therapy and during adjuvant therapy to determine response to therapy and to detect persistent or recurrent disease of metastasis. There is clearly a need for a lung 5 cancer marker which is more sensitive and specific in detecting lung cancer, its recurrence and progression.

Another important step in managing lung cancer is to determine the stage of the patient's disease. Stage determination has potential prognostic value and provides 10 criteria for designing optimal therapy. Generally, pathological staging of lung cancer is preferable over clinical staging because the former gives a more accurate prognosis. However, clinical staging would be preferred were it at least as accurate as pathological staging because it does not depend on an invasive procedure to obtain tissue for pathological evaluation. Staging of lung cancer would be improved by detecting new markers in cells, tissues, or bodily fluids which could differentiate between different stages of invasion.

Other objects, features, advantages and aspects of the present invention will become apparent to those of skill in the art from the following description. It should be understood, however, that the following description and the specific examples, while indicating preferred embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only. Various changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the disclosed invention will become readily apparent to those skilled in the art from reading the following description and from reading the other parts of the present disclosure.

30 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Toward these ends, and others, it is an object of the present invention to provide a method for diagnosing the presence of lung cancer by analyzing for changes in levels of LSG in cells, tissues or bodily fluids compared with levels

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of LSG in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control, wherein an increase in levels of LSG in the patient versus normal human control is associated with lung cancer.

Further provided is a method of diagnosing metastatic lung cancer in a patient having such cancer which is not known to have metastasized by identifying a human patient suspected of having lung cancer that has metastasized; analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from such patient 10 for LSG; comparing the LSG levels in such cells, tissues, or bodily fluid with levels of LSG in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control, wherein an increase in LSG levels in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which has 15 metastasized.

Also provided by the invention is a method of staging lung cancer in a human which has such cancer by identifying a human patient having such cancer; analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from such patient for LSG; 20 comparing LSG levels in such cells, tissues, or bodily fluid with levels of LSG in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control sample, wherein an increase in LSG levels in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which is progressing 25 and a decrease in the levels of LSG is associated with a cancer which is regressing or in remission.

Further provided is a method of monitoring lung cancer in a human having such cancer for the onset of metastasis. The method comprises identifying a human patient having such cancer that is not known to have metastasized; periodically analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from such patient for LSG; comparing the LSG levels in such cells, tissue, or bodily fluid with levels of LSG in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control sample, wherein an increase in LSG levels in the

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patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which has metastasized.

Further provided is a method of monitoring the change in stage of lung cancer in a human having such cancer by looking 5 at levels of LSG in a human having such cancer. The method comprises identifying a human patient having such cancer; periodically analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from such patient for LSG; comparing the LSG levels in such cells, tissue, or bodily fluid with levels of LSG in 10 preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control sample, wherein an increase in LSG levels in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which is progressing and a decrease in the levels of LSG is associated with a cancer which is regressing or in remission.

Further provided are antibodies against the LSGs or fragments of such antibodies which can be used to detect or image localization of the LSGs in a patient for the purpose of detecting or diagnosing a disease or condition. Such antibodies can be polyclonal or monoclonal, or prepared by molecular biology techniques. The term "antibody", as used herein and throughout the instant specification is also meant to include aptamers and single-stranded oligonucleotides such as those derived from an in vitro evolution protocol referred 25 to as SELEX and well known to those skilled in the art. Antibodies can be labeled with a variety of detectable labels including, but not limited to, radioisotopes and paramagnetic metals. These antibodies or fragments thereof can also be used as therapeutic agents in the treatment of diseases 30 characterized by expression of a LSG. In therapeutic applications, the antibody can be used without or with derivatization to a cytotoxic agent such as a radioisotope, enzyme, toxin, drug or a prodrug.

Other objects, features, advantages and aspects of the 35 present invention will become apparent to those of skill in

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the art from the following description. It should be understood, however, that the following description and the specific examples, while indicating preferred embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only. Various 5 changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the disclosed invention will become readily apparent to those skilled in the art from reading the following description and from reading the other parts of the present disclosure.

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to diagnostic assays and methods, both quantitative and qualitative for detecting, diagnosing, monitoring, staging, prognosticating, in vivo imaging and treating cancers by comparing levels of LSG with those of LSG in a normal human control. What is meant by levels of LSG as used herein, means levels of the native protein expressed by the gene comprising the polynucleotide sequence of any of SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5. In the alternative, what is meant by levels of LSG as used herein. means levels of the native mRNA encoded by the gene comprising any of the polynucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 or levels of the gene comprising any of the polynucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5. Such levels are preferably measured in at least one of, cells, tissues and/or bodily fluids, including determination of 25 normal and abnormal levels. Thus, for instance, a diagnostic assay in accordance with the invention for diagnosing overexpression of LSG protein compared to normal control bodily fluids, cells, or tissue samples may be used to diagnose the presence of cancers, including lung cancer. Any of the five 30 LSGs may be measured alone in the methods of the invention, or all together or any combination of the five.

All the methods of the present invention may optionally include measuring the levels of other cancer markers as well as LSG. Other cancer markers, in addition to LSG, useful in

the present invention will depend on the cancer being tested and are known to those of skill in the art.

Diagnostic Assays

The present invention provides methods for diagnosing the presence of lung cancer by analyzing for changes in levels of LSG in cells, tissues or bodily fluids compared with levels of LSG in cells, tissues or bodily fluids of preferably the same type from a normal human control, wherein an increase in levels of LSG in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with the presence of lung cancer.

Without limiting the instant invention, typically, for a quantitative diagnostic assay a positive result indicating the patient being tested has cancer is one in which cells, tissues, or bodily fluid levels of the cancer marker, such as 15 LSG, are at least two times higher, and most preferable are at least five times higher, than in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid of a normal human control.

The present invention also provides a method of diagnosing metastatic lung cancer in a patient having lung 20 cancer which has not yet metastasized for the onset of metastasis. In the method of the present invention, a human cancer patient suspected of having lung cancer which may have metastasized (but which was not previously known to have metastasized) is identified. This is accomplished by a 25 variety of means known to those of skill in the art. For example, in the case of lung cancer, patients are typically diagnosed with lung cancer following traditional detection methods.

In the present invention, determining the presence of LSG 30 level in cells, tissues, or bodily fluid, is particularly useful for discriminating between lung cancer which has not metastasized and lung cancer which has metastasized. Existing techniques have difficulty discriminating between lung cancer which has metastasized and lung cancer which has not

metastasized and proper treatment selection is often dependent upon such knowledge.

In the present invention, the cancer marker level measured in such cells, tissues, or bodily fluid is LSG, and 5 is compared with levels of LSG in preferably the same cells, tissue, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control. That is, if the cancer marker being observed is just LSG in serum, this level is preferably compared with the level of LSG in serum of a normal human patient. An increase in the LSG in 10 the patient versus the normal human control is associated with lung cancer which has metastasized.

Without limiting the instant invention, typically, for a quantitative diagnostic assay a positive result indicating the cancer in the patient being tested or monitored has 15 metastasized is one in which cells, tissues, or bodily fluid levels of the cancer marker, such as LSG, are at least two times higher, and more preferably are at least five times higher, than in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid of a normal patient.

Normal human control as used herein includes a human patient without cancer and/or non cancerous samples from the patient; in the methods for diagnosing metastasis or monitoring for metastasis, normal human control preferably includes samples from a human patient that is determined by 25 reliable methods to have lung cancer which has not metastasized such as samples from the same patient prior to metastasis.

Staging

The invention also provides a method of staging lung 30 cancer in a human patient.

The method comprises identifying a human patient having such cancer and analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from such patient for LSG. The measured LSG levels are then compared to levels of LSG in preferably the DOVERDED . DESCRIPTION

same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control sample, wherein an increase in LSG levels in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which is progressing and a decrease in the levels of 5 LSG is associated with a cancer which is regressing or in remission.

Monitoring

Further provided is a method of monitoring lung cancer
in a human having such cancer for the onset of metastasis.
The method comprises identifying a human patient having such
cancer that is not known to have metastasized; periodically
analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from
such patient for LSG; comparing the LSG levels in such cells,
tissue, or bodily fluid with levels of LSG in preferably the
same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human
control sample, wherein an increase in LSG levels in the
patient versus the normal human control is associated with a
cancer which has metastasized.

20 Further provided by this inventions is a method of monitoring the change in stage of lung cancer in a human having such cancer. The method comprises identifying a human patient having such cancer; periodically analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from such patient for LSG; comparing the LSG levels in such cells, tissue, or bodily fluid with levels of LSG in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control sample, wherein an increase in LSG levels in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which is progressing in stage and a decrease in the levels of LSG is associated with a cancer which is regressing in stage or in remission.

Monitoring such patient for onset of metastasis is periodic and preferably done on a quarterly basis. However,

this may be more or less frequent depending on the cancer, the particular patient, and the stage of the cancer.

Assay Techniques

Assay techniques that can be used to determine levels of 5 gene expression, such as LSG of the present invention, in a sample derived from a host are well-known to those of skill in the art. Such assay methods include radioimmunoassays, reverse transcriptase PCR (RT-PCR) assays, immunohistochemistry assays, in situ hybridization assays, 10 competitive-binding assays, Western Blot analyses, ELISA assays and proteomic approaches. Among these, ELISAs are frequently preferred to diagnose a gene's expressed protein in biological fluids.

An ELISA assay initially comprises preparing an antibody,
15 if not readily available from a commercial source, specific
to LSG, preferably a monoclonal antibody. In addition a
reporter antibody generally is prepared which binds
specifically to LSG. The reporter antibody is attached to a
detectable reagent such as radioactive, fluorescent or
20 enzymatic reagent, for example horseradish peroxidase enzyme
or alkaline phosphatase.

To carry out the ELISA, antibody specific to LSG is incubated on a solid support, e.g., a polystyrene dish, that binds the antibody. Any free protein binding sites on the 25 dish are then covered by incubating with a non-specific protein such as bovine serum albumin. Next, the sample to be analyzed is incubated in the dish, during which time LSG binds to the specific antibody attached to the polystyrene dish. Unbound sample is washed out with buffer. A reporter antibody specifically directed to LSG and linked to horseradish peroxidase is placed in the dish resulting in binding of the reporter antibody to any monoclonal antibody bound to LSG. Unattached reporter antibody is then washed out. Reagents for peroxidase activity, including a

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colorimetric substrate are then added to the dish.

Immobilized peroxidase, linked to LSG antibodies, produces a colored reaction product. The amount of color developed in a given time period is proportional to the amount of LSG protein present in the sample. Quantitative results typically are obtained by reference to a standard curve.

A competition assay may be employed wherein antibodies specific to LSG attached to a solid support and labeled LSG and a sample derived from the host are passed over the solid support and the amount of label detected attached to the solid support can be correlated to a quantity of LSG in the sample.

Nucleic acid methods may be used to detect LSG mRNA as a marker for lung cancer. Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and other nucleic acid methods, such as ligase chain reaction 15 (LCR) and nucleic acid sequence based amplification (NASABA), can be used to detect malignant cells for diagnosis and monitoring of various malignancies. For example, reversetranscriptase PCR (RT-PCR) is a powerful technique which can be used to detect the presence of a specific mRNA population 20 in a complex mixture of thousands of other mRNA species. In RT-PCR, an mRNA species is first reverse transcribed to complementary DNA (cDNA) with use of the enzyme reverse transcriptase; the cDNA is then amplified as in a standard PCR reaction. RT-PCR can thus reveal by amplification the 25 presence of a single species of mRNA. Accordingly, if the mRNA is highly specific for the cell that produces it, RT-PCR can be used to identify the presence of a specific type of cell.

Hybridization to clones or oligonucleotides arrayed on a solid support (i.e., gridding) can be used to both detect the expression of and quantitate the level of expression of that gene. In this approach, a cDNA encoding the LSG gene is fixed to a substrate. The substrate may be of any suitable type including but not limited to glass, nitrocellulose, nylon or plastic. At least a portion of the DNA encoding the LSG

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gene is attached to the substrate and then incubated with the analyte, which may be RNA or a complementary DNA (cDNA) copy of the RNA, isolated from the tissue of interest. Hybridization between the substrate bound DNA and the analyte can be detected and quantitated by several means including but not limited to radioactive labeling or fluorescence labeling of the analyte or a secondary molecule designed to detect the hybrid. Quantitation of the level of gene expression can be done by comparison of the intensity of the signal from the analyte compared with that determined from known standards. The standards can be obtained by in vitro transcription of the target gene, quantitating the yield, and then using that material to generate a standard curve.

Of the proteomic approaches, 2D electrophoresis is a technique well known to those in the art. Isolation of individual proteins from a sample such as serum accomplished using sequential separation of proteins by different characteristics usually on polyacrylamide gels. First, proteins are separated by size using an electric 20 current. The current acts uniformly on all proteins, so smaller proteins move farther on the gel than larger proteins. The second dimension applies a current perpendicular to the first and separates proteins not on the basis of size but on the specific electric charge carried by each protein. Since 25 no two proteins with different sequences are identical on the basis of both size and charge, the result of a 2D separation is a square gel in which each protein occupies a unique spot. Analysis of the spots with chemical or antibody probes, or subsequent protein microsequencing can reveal the relative 30 abundance of a given protein and the identity of the proteins in the sample.

The above tests can be carried out on samples derived from a variety of patients' cells, bodily fluids and/or tissue extracts (homogenates or solubilized tissue) such as from 35 tissue biopsy and autopsy material. Bodily fluids useful in

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the present invention include blood, urine, saliva, or any other bodily secretion or derivative thereof. Blood can include whole blood, plasma, serum, or any derivative of blood.

5 In Vivo Antibody Use

Antibodies against LSG can also be used in vivo in patients with disease of the lung. Specifically, antibodies against an LSG can be injected into a patient suspected of having a disease of the lung for diagnostic and/or therapeutic 10 purposes. The use of antibodies for in vivo diagnosis is well known in the art. For example, antibody-chelators labeled with Indium-111 have been described for use in radioimmunoscintographic imaging of carcinoembryonic antiqen expressing tumors (Sumerdon et al. Nucl. Med. Biol. 1990 15 17:247-254). In particular, these antibody-chelators have been used in detecting tumors in patients suspected of having recurrent colorectal cancer (Griffin et al. J. Clin. Onc. 1991 9:631-640). Antibodies with paramagnetic ions as labels for use in magnetic resonance imaging have also been described (Lauffer, R.B. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine 1991 22:339-Antibodies directed against LSGs can be used in a similar manner. Labeled antibodies against an LSG can be injected into patients suspected of having a disease of the lung such as lung cancer for the purpose of diagnosing or 25 staging of the disease status of the patient. The label used will be selected in accordance with the imaging modality to be used. For example, radioactive labels such as Indium-111, Technetium-99m or Iodine-131 can be used for planar scans or single photon emission computed tomography (SPECT). Positron 30 emitting labels such as Fluorine-19 can be used in positron emission tomography. Paramagnetic ions such as Gadlinium (III) or Manganese (II) can used in magnetic resonance imaging (MRI). Localization of the label within the lung or external to the lung permits determination of the spread of the 35 disease. The amount of label within the lung also allows

determination of the presence or absence of cancer in the lung.

For patients diagnosed with lung cancer, injection of an antibody against an LSG can also have a therapeutic benefit. 5 The antibody may exert its therapeutic effect alone. Alternatively, the antibody is conjugated to a cytotoxic agent such as a drug, toxin or radionuclide to enhance its therapeutic effect. Drug monoclonal antibodies have been described in the art for example by Garnett and Baldwin, 10 Cancer Research 1986 46:2407-2412. The use of toxins conjugated to monoclonal antibodies for the therapy of various cancers has also been described by Pastan et al. Cell 1986 47:641-648). Yttrium-90 labeled monoclonal antibodies have been described for maximization of dose delivered to the tumor while limiting toxicity to normal tissues (Goodwin and Meares Cancer Supplement 1997 80:2675-2680). Other cytotoxic radionuclides including, but not limited to Copper-67, Iodine-131 and Rhenium-186 can also be used for labeling of antibodies against LSGs.

Antibodies which can be used in these in vivo methods include both polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies and antibodies prepared via molecular biology techniques. Antibody fragments can also be used.

EXAMPLES

The present invention is further described by the following examples. The examples are provided solely to illustrate the invention by reference to specific embodiments. These exemplifications, while illustrating certain specific aspects of the invention, do not portray the limitations or 30 circumscribe the scope of the disclosed invention.

Example 1

Searches were carried out and LSGs identified using the following Search Tools as part of the LIFESEQ database available from Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Palo Alto, CA:

Library Comparison (compares one library to one other library) allows the identification of clones expressed in tumor and absent or expressed at a lower level in normal tissue.

Subsetting is similar to library comparison but allows 10 the identification of clones expressed in a pool of libraries and absent or expressed at a lower level in a second pool of libraries.

Transcript Imaging lists all of the clones in a single library or a pool of libraries based on abundance. Individual clones can then be examined using Electronic Northerns to determine the tissue sources of their component ESTs.

Protein Function: Incyte has identified subsets of ESTs with a potential protein function based on homologies to known proteins. Some examples in this database include Transcription Factors and Proteases. Some leads were identified by searching in this database for clones whose component ESTs showed disease specificity.

Electronic subtractions, transcript imaging and protein function searches were used to identify clones, whose 25 component ESTs were exclusively or more frequently found in libraries from specific tumors. Individual candidate clones were examined in detail by checking where each EST originated.

Table 1: LSGs

	SEQ ID #	Clone ID	Gene ID	Method
	1	2589190	6361	Transcript Imaging
	2	1237018	6997	Transcript Imaging
5	3	1510111	5658	Transcript Imaging
	4	1355520	236760	Transcript Imaging
	5	3117390	7387	Transcript Imaging

The following example was carried out using standard techniques, which are well known and routine to those of skill 10 in the art, except where otherwise described in detail. Routine molecular biology techniques of the following example can be carried out as described in standard laboratory manuals, such as Sambrook et al., MOLECULAR CLONING: A LABORATORY MANUAL, 2nd Ed.; Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory 15 Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y. (1989).

Example 2: Relative Quantitation of Gene Expression.

Real-Time quantitative PCR with fluorescent Tagman probes is a quantitation detection system utilizing the 5'- 3' nuclease activity of Taq DNA polymerase. The method uses an 20 internal fluorescent oligonucleotide probe (Taqman) labeled with a 5' reporter dye and a downstream, 3' quencher dye. During PCR, the 5'-3' nuclease activity of Taq DNA polymerase releases the reporter, whose fluorescence can then be detected by the laser detector of the Model 7700 Sequence Detection 25 System (PE Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA, USA).

Amplification of an endogenous control is used to standardize the amount of sample RNA added to the reaction and normalize for Reverse Transcriptase (RT) efficiency. Either cyclophilin, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH)

30 or 18S ribosomal RNA (rRNA) was used as this endogenous

control. To calculate relative quantitation between all the samples studied, the target RNA levels for one sample were used as the basis for comparative results (calibrator). Quantitation relative to the "calibrator" can be obtained 5 using the standard curve method or the comparative method (User Bulletin #2: ABI PRISM 7700 Sequence Detection System).

The tissue distribution and the level of the target gene were evaluated for every example in normal and cancer tissue. Total RNA was extracted from these tissues and corresponding matched adjacent tissues. Subsequently, first strand cDNA was prepared with reverse transcriptase and the polymerase chain reaction was done using primers and Taqman probe specific to each target gene. The results were analyzed using the ABI PRISM 7700 Sequence Detector. The absolute numbers are 15 relative levels of expression of the target gene in a particular tissue compared to the calibrator tissue.

Comparative Examples

Similar mRNA expression analysis for genes coding for the diagnostic markers PSA (Prostate Specific Antigen) and PLA2 (Phospholipase A2) was performed for comparison. PSA is the only cancer screening marker available in clinical laboratories. When the panel of normal pooled tissues was analyzed, PSA was expressed at very high levels in prostate, with a very low expression in breast and testis. 25 analysis of more than 55 matching samples from 14 different tissues, the data corroborated the tissue specificity seen with normal tissue samples. PSA expression was compared in cancer and normal adjacent tissue for 12 matching samples of prostate tissue. The relative levels of PSA were higher in 30 10 cancer samples (83%). Clinical data recently obtained support the utilization of PLA2 as a staging marker for late stages of prostate cancer. mRNA expression data showed overexpression of the mRNA in 8 out of the 12 prostate matching samples analyzed (66%). The tissue specificity for 35 PLA2 was not as good as the one described for PSA.

addition to prostate, small intestine, liver, and pancreas also showed high levels of mRNA expression for PLA2.

Measurement of SEQ ID NO:5; Clone ID3117390; Gene ID7387 (Lnq109)

The absolute numbers shown in Table 2 are relative levels of expression of Lng109 (SEQ ID NO:5) in 12 normal different tissues. All the values are compared to normal small intestine (calibrator). These RNA samples are commercially available pools, originated by pooling samples of a particular tissue from different individuals.

Table 2: Relative levels of Lng109 Expression in Pooled Samples

Tissue	NORMAL
Brain	26.6
Heart	0.004
Kidney	0.016
Liver	0
Lung	46.6
Mammary Gland	0.2
Muscle	0.1
Prostate	0.4
Small	1
Testis	12.1
Thymus	0.2
Uterus	0.2

The relative levels of expression in Table 2 show that Lng109 (SEQ ID NO:5) mRNA expression is higher (46.6) in lung compared with all the other normal tissues analyzed. Testis, with a relative expression level of 12.1, and brain (26.6) are the only other tissues expressing considerable mRNA for Lng109. These results establish that Lng109 mRNA expression is highly specific for lung.

The absolute numbers in Table 2 were obtained analyzing pools of samples of a particular tissue from different individuals. They can not be compared to the absolute numbers originated from RNA obtained from tissue samples of a single individual in Table 3.

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The absolute numbers depicted in Table 3 are relative levels of expression of Lng109 (SEQ ID NO:5) in 57 pairs of matching samples. All the values are compared to normal small intestine (calibrator). A matching pair is formed by mRNA from the cancer sample for a particular tissue and mRNA from the normal adjacent sample for that same tissue from the same individual.

Table 3: Relative levels of Lng109 Expression in Individual Samples

Sample ID	Cancer type	Tissue	Cancer	Matching Normal
LNG AC82	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 1	16.6	0.9
LNG 60XL	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 2	20.4	45.3
LNG AC66	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 3	12.4	7.5
LNG AC69	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 4	177.9	4.2
LNG AC88	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 5	89	33.7
LNG AC11	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 6	20.3	88.3
LNG AC39	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 7	103.3	1.8
LNG AC90	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 8	342.5	0.9
LNG AC32	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 9	152.7	0
LNG SQ9X	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 10	14.2	0.7
LNG SQ45	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 11	179.8	15.9
LNG SQ56	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 12	55.5	59.3
LNG SQ32	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 13	21.3	6.4
LNG SQ80	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 14	83	36
LNG SQ16	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 15	27.2	4.8
LNG SQ79	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 16	11.2	18

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	LNG C20X	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 17	0.2	0.63
	LNG 47XQ	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 18	188.1	0
	LNG SQ44	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 19	6.3	0.2
	LNG BR94	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 20	12	0
5	LNG 90X	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 21	7.6	3.6
	LNG LC71	Large cell carcinoma	Lung 22	69.1	168.3
	LNG LC109	Large cell carcinoma	Lung 23	11.8	250.7
	LNG 75XC	Metastatic from bone cancer	Lung 24	1.5	1.8
10	LNG MT67	Metastatic from renal cancer	Lung 25	3.1	2.7
	LNG MT71	Metastatic from melanoma	Lung 26	9.9	21.9
	BLD 32XK		Bladder 1	0.1	0
	BLD 46XK		Bladder 2	0.3	0
	CLN AS67		Colon 1	0.2	0.1
15	CLN C9XR		Colon 2	0.02	0
	CVX KS52		Cervix 1	0.1	0
	CVX NK23		Cervix 2	0.1	0
	END 28XA		Endometrium 1	2.2	0.1
20	ENDO 12XA		Endometrium 2	0	0
	ENDO 68X		Endometrium 3	1.33	2.6
	ENDO 8XA		Endometrium 4	0	0
	KID 106XD		Kidney 1	0.1	0.1
25	KID 109XD		Kidney 2	0.1	0.2

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	LIV 94XA	Liver 1	0	0.04
	LIV 15XA	Liver 2	48.6	0.03
	MAM A06X	Mammary 1	0	0
	MAM 59X	Mammary 2	0.9	0
5	OVR 103X	Ovary 1	0.5	2.6
	PAN 71XL	Pancreas 1	0.1	0.1
	PAN 77X	Pancreas 2	0.1	0
	PRO 20XB	Prostate 1	0.3	0.1
	PRO 12B	Prostate 2	0.3	0
10	PRO 69XB	Prostate 3	0.6	0.5
	SMI 21XA	Sm. Int. 1	0.3	0
	SMI H89	Sm. Int. 2	0.1	0.2
	STO AC44	Stomach 1	0.2	0.2
	STO AC99	Stomach 2	0.1	0.2
15	STO MT54	Stomach 3	0.3	0
	STO TA73	Stomach 4	0.4	0.7
	TST 39X	Testis	4.8	0.8
	UTR 135XO	Uterus 1	0.6	0.5
20	UTR 141XO	Uterus 2	0	0.1
	0=negative			

In the analysis of matching samples, the higher levels of expression were in lung, showing a high degree of tissue specificity for lung tissue. Of all the samples different than lung analyzed, only one sample (the cancer sample Liver with 48.6) showed an expression comparable to the mRNA expression in lung. These results confirmed the tissue specificity results obtained with the panel of normal pooled samples (Table 2).

Furthermore, the level of mRNA expression in cancer samples and the isogenic normal adjacent tissue from the same individual was compared. This comparison provides an

indication of specificity for the cancer stage (e.g. higher levels of mRNA expression in the cancer sample compared to the normal adjacent). Table 3 shows overexpression of Lng109 in 16 primary lung cancer tissues 5 compared with their respective normal adjacent (lung samples #1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 18, 19, 20, and 21). There was overexpression in the cancer tissue for 70% of the lung matching samples tested (total of 23 lung matching samples).

Altogether, the high level of tissue specificity, plus the mRNA overexpression in 70% of the primary lung matching samples tested are demonstrative of Lngl09 being a diagnostic marker for lung cancer.

Measurement of SEQ ID NO:4; Clone ID1355520 (1981752); 15 Gene ID236760 (Lng110)

The absolute numbers depicted in Table 4 are relative levels of expression of Lng110 in 12 normal different tissues. All the values are compared to normal testis (calibrator). These RNA samples are commercially 20 available pools, originated by pooling samples of a particular tissue from different individuals.

Table 4: Relative levels of Lng109 Expression in Pooled Samples

Tissue	NORMAL
Brain	0
Heart	0.003
Kidney	0.02
Liver	0
Lung	392.1
Mammary	0
Muscle	0
Prostate	0.1
Sm. Int.	0
Testis	1
Thymus	0.6
Uterus	0

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The relative levels of expression in Table 4 show that Lng110 mRNA expression is more than 300 fold higher in the pool of normal lung (392.1) compared to all the other tissues analyzed. These results demonstrate that 5 Lng110 mRNA expression is highly specific for lung.

The absolute numbers in Table 4 were obtained analyzing pools of samples of a particular tissue from different individuals. They can not be compared to the absolute numbers originated from RNA obtained from tissue 10 samples of a single individual in Table 5.

The absolute numbers depicted in Table 5 are relative levels of expression of Lng110 in 60 pairs of matching samples. All the values are compared to normal testis (calibrator). A matching pair is formed by mRNA from the cancer sample for a particular tissue and mRNA from the normal adjacent sample for that same tissue from the same individual.

Table 5: Relative levels of Lng109 Expression in Individual Samples

0	Sample ID	Cancer type	Tissue	Cancer	Matching Normal		
	LNG AC82	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 1	30.8	17		
LNG 60XL		Adenocarcinoma	Lung 2	18.2	40.1		
	LNG AC66	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 3	0	31.1		
5	LNG AC69	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 4	44.8	5.3		
	LNG AC88	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 5	239.7	78.5		
	LNG AC11	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 6	10.7	1.3		
	LNG AC39	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 7	134.4	0.7		
	LNG AC90	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 8	373.5	4.6		
О	LNG AC32	Adenocarcinoma	Lung 9	65.8	1.2		
	LNG SQ9X	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 10	76.6	0.2		
	LNG SQ45	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 11	21.4	105.8		

LNG SQ56	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 12	48.2	1049.1
LNG SQ14	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 13	2.3	0.7
LNG SQ32	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 14	3.2	0.5
LNG SQ80	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 15	191.3	0.3
LNG SQ16	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 16	21.3	0.7
LNG SQ79	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 17	1992	7.8
LNG C20X	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 18	0.7	0.4
LNG 47XQ	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 19	4.3	0
LNG SQ44	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 20	0	0
LNG BR94	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 21	100.8	0
LNG 90X	Squamous cell carcinoma	Lung 22	5.2	45.4
LNG LC71	Large cell carcinoma	Lung 23	4.6	2.5
LNG LC109	Large cell carcinoma	Lung 24	876.1	111.4
LNG 75XC	Metastatic from bone cancer	Lung 25	19	27.2
LNG MT67	Metastatic from renal cancer	Lung 26	0	0
LNG MT71	Metastatic from melanoma	Lung 27	0	5.2
BLD 32XK		Bladder 1	0	0
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CLN C9XR		Colon 2	0	0

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CLN CM67 Colon 3 0 0 CVX KS52 Cervix 1 1.4 0 CVX NK23 Cervix 2 Ω 0 CVX Cervix 3 0 Λ 5 NKS18 END 28XA Endometrium 1 0.8 0 ENDO Endometrium 2 0 0 12XA KID Kidney 1 0 0 10 106XD KID Kidney 2 0 0 107XD KID 10XD Kidney 3 0 0 KID 11XD Kidney 4 0 0 LIV 94XA Liver 1 0 0 LIV 15XA Liver 2 0 MAM A06X Mammary 1 0 Ω MAM Mammary 2 Ω Ω B011X MAM 12X Mammary 3 Ω Ω MAM 59X Mammary 4 0 0 OVR 103X Ovary 1 0.1 0 PAN 71XL Pancreas 1 0 0 PAN 77X Pancreas 2 0 0 PRO 20XB Prostate 1 0 0 PRO 12B Prostate 2 0 0 SMI 21XA Small 0 0 Intestine 1 SMI H89 Small 0 0 Intestine 2 STO AC44 Stomach 1 0 0 STO AC99 Stomach 2 0 0 TST 39X 4.4 0 Testis

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UTR 135XO	Uterus	1	0	0
UTR 141XO	Uterus	2	0	0

5 0=negative

In the analysis of matching samples, the higher levels of expression were in lung showing a high degree of tissue specificity for lung tissue. These results confirm the tissue specificity results obtained with normal pooled 10 samples (Table 4).

Furthermore, the level of mRNA expression in cancer samples and the isogenic normal adjacent tissue from the same individual was compared. This comparison provides an indication of specificity for the cancer stage (e.g. higher levels of mRNA expression in the cancer sample compared to the normal adjacent). Table 5 shows overexpression of Lngl10 in 18 primary lung cancer samples compared with their respective normal adjacent (lung samples #1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 23 and 24). There is overexpression in the cancer tissue for 75% of the lung matching samples tested (total of 24 primary lung matching samples).

Altogether, the high level of tissue specificity, plus the mRNA overexpression in 75% of the lung matching 25 samples tested are demonstrative of Lng110 being a diagnostic marker for lung cancer. The amino acid sequence encoded by the open reading frame of Lng110 is depicted in SEQ ID NO:6.

What is claimed is:

- A method for diagnosing the presence of lung cancer in a patient comprising;
- (a) measuring levels of LSG in cells, tissues or 5 bodily fluids in said patient; and
- (b) comparing the measured levels of LSG with levels of LSG in cells, tissues or bodily fluids from a normal human control, wherein an increase in measured levels of LSG in said patient versus normal human control 10 is associated with the presence of lung cancer.
 - A method of diagnosing metastatic lung cancer in a patient comprising:
 - (a) identifying a patient having lung cancer that is not known to have metastasized;
 - (b) measuring LSG levels in a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from said patient for LSG; and
- (c) comparing the measured LSG levels with levels of LSG in cell, tissue, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control, wherein an increase in measured LSG levels 20 in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which has metastasized.
 - 3. A method of staging lung cancer in a patient having lung cancer comprising:
 - (a) identifying a patient having lung cancer;
- 25 (b) measuring LSG levels in a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from said patient; and
- (c) comparing measured LSG levels with levels of LSG in cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control sample, wherein an increase in measured LSG levels in said patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which is progressing and a decrease in the measured LSG levels is associated with a cancer which is regressing or in remission.

- 4. A method of monitoring lung cancer in a patient for the onset of metastasis comprising:
- (a) identifying a patient having lung cancer that is 5 not known to have metastasized:
 - (b) periodically measuring levels of LSG in samples of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from said patient for LSG; and
- (c) comparing the periodically measured LSG levels 10 with levels of LSG in cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control, wherein an increase in any one of the periodically measured LSG levels in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which has metastasized.
 - 5. A method of monitoring changes in a stage of lung cancer in a patient comprising:
 - (a) identifying a patient having lung cancer;
 - (b) periodically measuring levels of LSG in cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from said patient; and
- 20 (c) comparing the periodically measured LSG levels with levels of LSG in cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control, wherein an increase in any one of the periodically measured LSG levels in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a 25 cancer which is progressing in stage and a decrease is associated with a cancer which is regressing in stage or in remission.
 - 6. The method of claim 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 wherein the LSG comprises SEQ ID NO:4 or 5.
- An antibody against an LSG wherein said LSG comprises SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:5.

FOOTING SHOWNAD

- 8. A method of imaging lung cancer in a patient comprising administering to the patient an antibody of claim 7.
- 9. The method of claim 8 wherein said antibody is 5 labeled with paramagnetic ions or a radioisotope.
 - 10. A method of treating lung cancer in a patient comprising administering to the patient an antibody of claim 7.
- 11. The method of claim 10 wherein the antibody is 10 conjugated to a cytotoxic agent.

Docket No.	
DEX-0146	

Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

A Novel Method of Diagnosing, Monitoring, Staging, Imaging and Treating Lung Cancer

is attached here ⊠ was filed on J		as United States Application No. o	or PCT International
Application Nun	nber PCT/US99/16247		
was filed on Ji Application Nun and was amend	ded on	(if applicable)	
		,	
		derstand the contents of the above id mendment referred to above.	entified specification,
I acknowledge the			
known to me to b Section 1.56. I hereby claim for Section 365(b) of any PCT Internatio listed below and ha inventor's certificat	eign priority benefits u any foreign application(nal application which de ave also identified below e or PCT International a	dity as defined in Title 37, Code of the c	Section 119(a)-(d) or or Section 365(a) of an the United States, plication for patent or
known to me to b Section 1.56. I hereby claim for Section 365(b) of any PCT Internatio listed below and ha	eign priority benefits u any foreign application nal application which de ave also identified below e or PCT International a claimed.	nder Title 35, United States Code, \$ s) for patent or inventor's certificate, esignated at least one country other th, by checking the box, any foreign apapplication having a filing date before the state of the st	Section 119(a)-(d) or or Section 365(a) of an the United States, plication for patent or
known to me to be Section 1.56. I hereby claim for Section 365(b) of any PCT Internation listed below and he inventor's certification which priority is	eign priority benefits u any foreign application nal application which de ave also identified below e or PCT International a claimed.	nder Title 35, United States Code, \$ s) for patent or inventor's certificate, esignated at least one country other th, by checking the box, any foreign apapplication having a filing date before the state of the st	Section 119(a)-(d) or or Section 365(a) of an the United States, plication for patent or that of the application
known to me to b Section 1.56. I hereby claim for Section 365(b) of any PCT Internatio listed below and ha inventor's certificat on which priority is	eign priority benefits u any foreign application nal application which de ave also identified below e or PCT International a claimed.	nder Title 35, United States Code, \$ s) for patent or inventor's certificate, esignated at least one country other th, by checking the box, any foreign apapplication having a filing date before the state of the st	Section 119(a)-(d) or or Section 365(a) of an the United States, plication for patent or hat of the application Priority Not Claimed
known to me to b Section 1.56. I hereby claim for Section 365(b) of any PCT Internatio listed below and he inventor's certificat on which priority is Prior Foreign Appli	eign priority benefits u any foreign application nal application which de ave also identified below e or PCT International a claimed. cation(s)	nder Title 35, United States Code, Ss) for patent or inventor's certificate, signated at least one country other th, by checking the box, any foreign apapplication having a filing date before to (Day/Month/Year Filed)	Section 119(a)-(d) or or Section 365(a) of an the United States, plication for patent or hat of the application Priority Not Claimed
known to me to b Section 1.56. I hereby claim for Section 365(b) of any PCT Internatio listed below and he inventor's certificat on which priority is	eign priority benefits u any foreign application(nal application which de ave also identified below e or PCT International a claimed.	nder Title 35, United States Code, S s) for patent or inventor's certificate, signated at least one country other th r, by checking the box, any foreign ap application having a filing date before t	Section 119(a)-(d) or or Section 365(a) of an the United States, plication for patent or that of the application Priority Not Claimed

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

60/095,233	August 4, 1998
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U. S. C. Section 120 of any United States application(s), or Section 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States Patent and Trademark of Comparison of the United States of the Uni

√iori m m	PCT International filing date of th	s application:	
i ii	(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
	(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
nat nat	(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. (list name and registration number)



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Full name of sixth inventor, if any	
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SEQUENCE LISTING

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